

UNIVERSAL

CERTIFICATION

NB 2163

EU TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE

Certificate No: 2163-PPE-1859

Respiratory protective devices, filtering half masks to protect against particles manufactured by

TULPAR SAGLIK URUNLERI IMALAT SAN. VE TÎC. LTD. ŞTÎ.

are tested and evaluated according to

EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Respiratory Protective Devices -Filtering Half Masks to Protect Against Particles - Requirements, Testing, Marking

Based on the type examination conducted with the evaluation of test reports, technical file according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 5, it is approved that the product meets the requirements of the regulation.

Product Definition

Single use particle filtering half mask for protection against solid and liquid aerosols, is a fish type, 5 layered, without valve, ear straps and adjustable nose bar.

Brand Name: DNA Model: 2972FM Classification: FFP3 NR

For more details, refer technical evaluation report provided to the manufacturer, dated 28.12.2020 and number 2163-KKD-1859.

Here by the manufacturer is allowed to use notified body number (2163) and can fix CE mark, asshown below, on the Category III product models given above, with;

-Issuing an appropriate EU Declaration of Conformity according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 9.

-Ongoing successful performance in fulfilment of the requirements set out in Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and harmonized standards, ensuredby assessments based on Annex 7 (Module C2) or Annex 8 (Module D) of the regulation no later than 1 year from the beginning of serial production

This certificate is initially issued on 28/12/2020 and will be valid for 5 years, if there is no hange in the relevant harmonized standard affecting the essential health and safety requirements.



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Suat KACMAZ
UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION
Director



TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

REPORT DATE / NO: 28.12.2020 / 2163-KKD-1859

Manufacturer: TULPAR SAGLIK URUNLERI IMALAT SAN. VE TÎC. LTD. ŞTÎ.

Address: Tevfikbey Mah.Sehit Erol Oleok Cad.No:19 Ic Kapi No:1 Kucukcekmece, Istanbul TURKEY

Introduction

This report is for the, given above, manufacturer prepared according to the test results obtained from Universal Certification And Surveillance Services Trade Co., dated 28.12.2020 with Serial Id 12-2020-T0601 based on EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 standard and the technical file dated 01 December 2020 (Revision 00) provided by the manufacturer.

The technical file of the manufacturer, and risk evaluation against the essential health safety requirements and the test report evaluated for their relation with Essential Requirements of Personel Protective Equipment Regulation and found to be appropriate.

This report is an annex and an integral part of the EU Type Examination Certificate issued to the manufacturer. The test results and issued certificate belongs only to the tested model. The technical report consists of a total of 6 pages.

Product Description: Single use particle filtering half mask for protection against solid and liquid aerosols, is a fish type, 5 layered, without valve, ear straps and adjustable nose bar.

Component and Materials:

Component	Materia I	Grade	
Outer Layer	Spunbond fabric	60 g/m2	
Filter Layer I	Melt-blown fabric	20 g/m	
Filter Layer II	Melt-blown fabric	20 g/m	
Filter Layer III	Melt-blown fabric	20 g/m	
Inner Layer	Spunbond fabric	20 g/m	
Ear Strap	Polyester	10 cm	
Nose Bridge	Aluminum	9 cm	

Classification: FFP3 NR

Brand name: DNA Model: 2972FM





ESSENTIAL HEALTH and SAFETY REQUIREMENTS GIVEN IN EUROPEAN UNION REGULATION EU 2016/425 CORRESPONDING RISKS FOR THE PRODUCT

1.1. Design principles

1.1.1. Ergonomics

PPE must be so designed and manufactured that in the foreseeable conditions of use for which it is intended the user can perform the risk related activity normally whilst enjoying appropriate protection of the highest possible level.

1.1.2. Levels and classes of protection

1.1.2.1. Highest level of protection possible

The optimum level of protection to be taken into account in the design is that beyond which the constraints by the wearing of the PPE would prevent its effective use during the period of exposure to the risk or normal performance of the activity.

1.1.2.2. Classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk

Where differing foreseeable conditions of use are such that several levels of the same risk can be distinguished, appropriate classes of protection must be taken into account in the design of the PPE.

1.2. Innocuousness of PPE

1.2.1. Absence of risks and other inherent nuisance factors

PPE must be so designed and manufactured as to preclude risks and other nuisance factors under fore seeable conditions of use.

121.1. Suitable constituent materials

The materials of which the PPE is made, including any of their possible decomposition products, must not adversely affect the health or safety of users.

1212 Satisfactory surface condition of all PPE parts in contact with the user

Any part of the PPE that is in contact or is liable to come into contact with the user when the PPE is worn must be free of rough surfaces, sharp edges. sharp points and the like which could cause excessive irritation or injuries

1213. Maximum permissible user impediment

Any inpediment caused by PPE to movements to be made, postures to be adopted and sensory perception must be minimized; nor must PPE cause movements which endanger the user or other persons.

1.3 Comfort and effectiveness

1.3.1. Adaptation of PPE to user morphology

PPE must be designed and manufactured in such a way as to facilitate its correct positioning on the user and to remain in place for the foreseeable period of use, bearing in mind ambient factors, the actions to be carried out and the postures to be adopted. For this purpose, it must be possible to adapt the PPE to fit the morphology of the user by all appropriate means, such as adequate adjustment and attachment systems or the provision of an adequate range of sizes.

1.3.2. Lightness and design strength

PPE must be as light as possible without prejudicing design strength and efficiency.

Apart from the specific additional requirements which they must satisfy in order to provide adequate protection against the risks in question (see 3), PPE must be capable of withstanding the effects of ambient phenomena inherent under the foreseeable conditions of use

1.4. Information supplied by the manufacturer

The notes that must be drawn up by the former and supplied when PPE is placed on the market must contain all relevant information on:

- a) In addition to the name and address of the manufacturer and/or his authorized representative established in the Community
- b) Storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, servicing and disinfection. cleaning. maintenance or disinfectant protection recommended bymanufacturers must have no adverse effect on PPE or users when applied in accordance with the relevant instructions:
- c) Performance as recorded during technical tests to check the levels or classes of protection provided by the PPE in question;
- d) Suitable PPE accessories and the characteristics of appropriate spare parts;
- e) The classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk and the corresponding limits of use:
- f) The obsolescence deadline or period of obsolescence of PPE or certain of its components:
- g) The type of packaging suitable for transport:
- h) The significance of any markings(see 2.12)
- i) Where appropriate the references of the Directives applied in accordance with Article5(6) (b);
- j) The name, address and identification number of the notified body involved in the design stage of the PPE

These notes, which must be precise and comprehensible, must be provided at least in the official language(s) of the member state of destination





2. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS COMMON TO SEVERAL CLASSES OR TYPES OF PPE

2.1. PPE incorporating adjustment systems

If PPE incorporates adjustment systems, the latter must be designed and manufactured so that, after adjustment, they do not become undoneunintentionally in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.3. PPE for the face, eyes and respiratory system

Any restriction of the user's face, eyes, field of vision or respiratory system by the PPE shall be minimized.

The screens for those types of PPE must have a degree of optical neutrality that is compatible with the degree of precision and the duration of the activities of the user.

If necessary, such PPE must be treated or provided with means to prevent misting-up.

Models of PPE intended for users requiring sight correction must be compatible with the wearing of spectacles or contact lenses.

2.4. PPE subject to ageing

If it is known that the design performance of new PPE may be significantly affected by ageing, the month and year of manufacture and/or, if possible, the month and year of obsolescence must be indelibly and unambiguously marked on each item of PPE placed on the market and on its packaging.

If the manufacturer is unable to give an undertaking with regard to the useful life of the PPE, his instructions must provide all the information necessary to enable the purchaser or user to establish a reasonable obsolescence month and year, taking into account the quality level of the model and the effective conditions of storage, use, cleaning, servicing and maintenance.

Where appreciable and rapid deterioration in PPE performance is likely to be caused by ageing resulting from the periodic use of a cleaning process recommended by the manufacturer, the latter must if possible, affix a marking to each item of PPE placed on the market indicating the maximum number of cleaning operations that may be carried out before the equipment needs to be inspected or discarded. Where such a marking is not affixed, the manufacturer must give that information in his instructions.

2.6. PPE for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

PPE intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres must be designed and manufactured in such a way that it cannot be the source of an electric. electrostatic or impact-induced arc or spark likely to cause an explosive mixture to ignite.

2.8. PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations

The instructions supplied by the manufacturer with PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations must include. in particular. data intended forcompetent, trained persons who are qualified to interpret them and ensure their application by the user.

The instructions must also describe the procedure to be adopted in order to verify that PPE is correctly adjusted and functional when worn by the user. Where PPE incorporates an alarm which is activated in the absence of the level of protection normally provided, the alarm must be designed and placed so that it can be perceived by the user in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.9. PPE incorporating components which can be adjusted or removed by the user

Where PPE incorporates components which can be attached, adjusted or removed by the user for replacement purposes. such components must be designed and manufactured so that they can be easily attached, adjusted and removed without tools.

2.12. PPE bearing one or more identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety

The identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety affixed to these types or classes of must preferably take the form of harmonized pictograms or ideograms and must remain perfectly legible throughout the foreseeableuseful life of the PPE. In addition, these marks must be complete, precise and comprehensible so as to prevent any misinterpretation: in particular, where such marks incorporate words or sentences, the latter must appear in the official language(s) of the Member State where the equipment is to be used.

If PPE (or a PPE component) is too small to allow al for part of the necessary marking to be affixed, the relevant information must be mentioned on the packing and in the manufacturer's notes.

3. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO PARTICULAR RISKS

3.10.1. Respiratory protection

PPE intended for the protection of the respiratory system must make it possible to supply the user with breathable air when exposed to a polluted atmosphere and/or an atmosphere having an inadequate oxygen concentration.

The breathable air supplied to the user by PPE must be obtained by appropriate means, for example after filtration of the polluted air through PPE or bysupply from an external unpolluted source.

The constituent materials and other components of those types of PPE must be chosen or designed and incorporated so as to ensure appropriate userrespiration and respiratory hygiene for the period of wear concerned under the foreseeable conditions of use. The leak-tightness of the facepiece and the pressure drop on inspiration and in the case of the filtering devices, purification capacity must keepcontaminant penetration from a polluted atmosphere low enough not to be prejudicial to the health or hygiene of the user. The PPE must bear details of the specific characteristics of the equipment which, in conjunction with the instructions, enable a trained and qualified user to employ the PPE correctly.

In the case of filtering equipment, the manufacturer's instructions must also indicate the time limit for the storage of new original packaging.





Technical Assessment of EN 149: 2001 + Al: 2009 Standard and other Standards it refers to, Clauses Corresponding to the (EU) 2016/425 Directive

	Conforming	to EN 149:2001	+ A1:2009 Sta	ndard Rea	uirements				
	Classification: Particle Filter		. 111,2007 Sta		un vinvitti				
Article	The mask subject to evaluation	•	results and techn	ical file provi	ded by the manufac	eturer is classified as:			
5	Filtering Efficiency and Max			-	•	rater is classified as.			
	Mask is classified for single s		d Leakage- Class	silicu as ITI.	,				
Article	Packaging: Particle filtering half masks are packaged to protect them from contamination before use and with								
	cardboard boxes to prevent mechanical damage. The packaging design and the product is considered to withstand the								
7.4	foreseeable conditions of use based on the visual inspection results given in the test report. Material: Materials used in particle filtering half masks, according to the simulated wearing treatment and temperature								
Article 7.5	Material: Materials used in conditioning results; It is un mask is designed to be used is released by the air flow the declares that the materials u users. Based on the test result, the	derstood it withsta , it suffered mecha rrough the filter ha sed in manufacturi	nds handling and nical failure of the s not constitute a ing of the mask de	wear over the facepiece of hazard or nuitoes not have a	e period for which to r straps, any materi sance for the weare an adverse affect to	the particle filtering half al from the filter media er. The manufacturer the health and safety of			
	No nuisance situation is rep								
Article 7.6	Cleaning and disinfection: procedure provided by the n		nalf mask is not d	esigned to be	as re-usable. No cl	eaning or disinfection			
	Practical Performance:								
	The test report indicates that were weared by the sample by means of head harness / imperfections reported during the sample and the sample imperfections reported during the sample sample.	masks, in walking straps/ ear loops co	test or work simu omfort. security o	ılation tests. f fastenings a	The wearers did no not field of vision.	t report any failure Also, no			
Article 7.7	Assessed Elements	Positive	Negative	Requirement	quirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + :2009 and Result				
	2. Head harness comfort	2	0	Positive resu	Positive results are obtained from the test subjects				
	3.Security of fastenings	2	0	No imperfections					
	5. Field of vision	2	0						
	Conditioning: (A.R.) As Rec	eived, original	•	•					
Article	Einink of Down Down In Cit		-d. i -l 1:114.			. 1 1			
7.8	Finish of Parts: Particle file edges and do not contain b	-	which are likely to	o come into co	ontact with the user	do not nave snarp			
7.0	Total Inward Leakage:	ulis.							
Article	The Total Inward Leakage samples are taken during subjected to the conditioni dimensions of the subjects	the conduction of t ng required in the are also reported.	the exercises define standard as tem	ned in the star	ndard. The samples ditioning, and as	used in the test are received. The face			
7.9.1	available in tire test report It was reported that: All 50 exercise measureme All 10 individual's arithme	ent results are smal tic mean is smaller	r or equal to 2% t	he values var	ies between 1,54%				
7.9.1	It was reported that: All 50 exercise measureme All 10 individual's arithme	ent results are smal tic mean is smaller	r or equal to 2% t	he values var	ies between 1,54%				
7.9.1	It was reported that: All 50 exercise measureme All 10 individual's arithme According to the reported repensarial of filter material: Sodi	ent results are smal tic mean is smaller	r or equal to 2% t	or FFP3 classi	ies between 1,54%				
	It was reported that: All 50 exercise measureme All 10 individual's arithme According to the reported reported reported formula of filter material: Sodi Condition No. (A.R.) 36	ent results are small tic mean is smaller esults, the product um Chloride Testing o. of Sample	r or equal to 2% t meets the limits for Sodium Chloride 95L/min max (%) 0,54	or FFP3 classi	fication. Requirements in accordance with EN 149: 2001 +A1:2009	and 1,7%. Results Filtering half masks			
Article	It was reported that: All 50 exercise measureme All 10 individual's arithme According to the reported reported reported formula of filter material: Sodi Condition No. (A.R.) 36 (A.R.) 37	ent results are smaller tic mean is smaller esults, the product um Chloride Testing o. of Sample	r or equal to 2% t meets the limits for Sodium Chloride 95L/min max (%) 0,54 0,45	or FFP3 classi	fication. Requirements in accordance with EN	Results Filtering half masks fulfill the requirements			
7.9.1 Article 7.9.2.	It was reported that: All 50 exercise measureme All 10 individual's arithme According to the reported reported reported formula of filter material: Sodi Condition No. (A.R.) 36	ent results are smaller tic mean is smaller esults, the product um Chloride Testing o. of Sample	r or equal to 2% t meets the limits for Sodium Chloride 95L/min max (%) 0,54	or FFP3 classi	fication. Requirements in accordance with EN 149: 2001 +A1:2009	Results Filtering half masks fulfill the requirements of the standard EN 149:2001 + A1:2009			
Article	It was reported that: All 50 exercise measureme All 10 individual's arithme According to the reported repentation of filter material: Sodi Condition No. (A.R.) 36 (A.R.) 37 (A.R.) 38	ent results are smaller tic mean is smaller esults, the product um Chloride Testing o. of Sample	r or equal to 2% t meets the limits for Sodium Chloride 95L/min max (%) 0,54 0,45 0,65	or FFP3 classi	fication. Requirements in accordance with EN 149: 2001 +A1:2009 FFFP1 ≤ 20%	Results Filtering half masks fulfill the requirements of the standard EN			



	(M.S.T.C.)	11	0,48
	(M.S.T.C.)	12	0,46

Conditioning: (M.S.) Mechanical Strength
(T.C.) Temperature conditioning
(A.R.) As received, original
(S.W.) Simulated wearing treatment



Article	Penetration of	filter mate	rial: Paraffin O	Oil testing					
7.9.2	Condition		No. of Sample		Paraffin oil ' max (%)	Testing 95L/min	Requirements in accordance with EN 149: 2001 +A1:2009	Results	
	(A.R.)		39		0,18		Filtering ha		
	(A.R.)		40		0,25		FFP1≤ 20%	fulfill the requirements of the standard EN	
	(A.R.)		41		0,23		FFP2≤ 6%	149:2001 + A1:	
	(S.W.)		4		0,25		FFP2≤ 6%	given in 7.9.2. i	
	(S.W.) (S.W.)		6		0,27 0,26		FFP3≤ 1%	of the FFP1, FF	
			13				11135170	FFP3 classes.	
	(M.S.T.C.) (M.S.T.C.)		14		0,24		-		
	(M.S.T.C.)		15		0,18				
	` '	M 1 : 16:			0,10				
	Conditioning: (M.S) (T.C.) Temperature (A.R.) As received, (S.W.) Simulated we	conditioning original							
Article 7.10			n: In Practical I r adverse effect				f mask materials in	contact with the	e skin
Article	Flammability								
7.11	Condition		No. of Sample	Visual ii	Requirements in accordance 149: 2001 +A1:2009			Result	
	(A.R.)		45	Burn for			f mask shall not burn Passed		
	(A.R.)		46	Burn for	· 0,0s		ue to burn for more	Filtering half r	
	(T.C.)		21	Burn for	· 0,0s		removal from the fulfill require		nents of
	(T.C.) 22 Burn for 0,1s flame the standard								
		Conditioning: (A.R.) As received, original							
) Temperature c							
Article			of the inhalation			T			
7.12	Condition	No. of sample	CO2 content of the inhala (%) by volume		alation air	An average CO content of the inhalation air	2 Requirements is accordance with 149: 2001 +A1:2009	h EN	
	(A.R.)	26	0,46				CO2 content of		
	(A.R.)	27	0,48			0,47 (%)	the inhalation		
	(A.R.)	28	0,47				shall not excee		
							an average of	requireme	
							1,0% by volun	ne the standa	ırd
	Conditioning: ((A.R.) As re	ceived, original						
Article 7.13				-			reported for donning and the mask firmly enough		sk
Article 7.14	Field of vision: I	n Practical Pe	erformance report,	no adverse	effects were r	eported for the field	d of vision availability v	when the mask is we	eared.
	Exhalation V	/alve(e).							
Article	The model unde		have no valvos						
7.15		i inspection	nave no vaives.						
,.15	Passed.								
Article	Breathing Resi	istance: inh	alation		·				
7.16	The overall eval	uation in the	figures gathered	the limits	given in the	standard for FFP	ith temperature condit	-	
	1 asscu.								







Article 7.17	Clogging: This test is not applied to Particle Filtering Half Mask which is not reusable. (For single shift use devices, the clogging test is optional test. For re-usable devices test is mandatory.)
Article 7.18	Demountable Parts: There are no demountable parts on the product.
Article 8	Testing: All tests conducted according to Clause 8 of this standard is available in the test report and are evaluated in this report for qualification and classification of the mask.
Article 9	Marking – Packaging: Necessary markings are available on the product package (box). The name and trademark of the manufacturer is clearly visible. The type of the mask and the classification including the status of re-usability, the reference to EN 149:2001 +A 1:2009 standard, the year of end of shelf life. using and storage instructions and pictograms and CE mark are available on the product package. The above evaluation is based on the technical document for packaging and marking, for box design. Verified Section 9.1 on the technical file.
	The technical documentation for mask design (drawing) also evaluated for marking requirements, drawing 2972FM. The mask marking indicates that the mask will carry information about the brandname (DNA) of the manufacturer, type of mask, the reference to EN 149+A1:2009 standard and classification including the re-usability of the mask. The manufacturer also printed CE mark with our Notified Body number. The mask do not have sub-assemblies. The tested samples by the laboratory carry necessary marking information as stated in the technical documentation, the manufacturer shall also follow marking instruction in the technical file for serial production. Model 2972FM drawing exists in the technical file Section 9 of the manufacturer.
Article 10	Information to be supplied by the manufacturer: In each of the smallest commercially available packaging of the product, implementation (installation instructions) pre-use controls. warning and usage limitations, storage and meanings of symbols / pictograms are defined. User instruction document in the technical file found to be appropriate Section 9.1. The manufacturer shaft include this documented user information text in every smallest commercially available package.

PREPARED BY

Osman CAM GI PPE Expert APPROVED BY

Suit XACNtAZ Director



UNIVERSAL CERIFICATION AND SURVEILLANCE SERVICES TRADE CO. Necip Fazil Bulvari Keyap Sitesi E2 Blok No:44/84 Yukari Dudullu Umraniye, Istanbul / TURKEY

TEST REPORT

Report Date:28.12.2020
Report Number: 12-2020-T0601

CLIENT AND SAMPLE INFORMATION

TEST OWNER		SAN. VE TÍC. LTD. STÍ			
ADDRESS	TULPAR SAGLIK URUNLERI IMALAT SAN. VE TÎC. LTD. ŞTÎ.				
MANUFACTURER	Ece dermokozmetik lim	nited sti.			
MANUFACTURER ADDRESS	Tevfikbey Mah. Sehit E Istanbul Turkey	Erol Olcok Cad. No:19 Ic Ka	api No: 1 Kucukcekmece,		
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Fisk type protective mas	sk			
BRAND NAME - MODEL	DNA / 2972FM				
TESTING STANDARD	EN 149:2001+A1:2009				
CASE NUMBER	CE-PPE-3845				
SAMPLE RECEIVE DATE	18.12.2020	TESTING START DATE	18.12.2020		
DISINFECTION	Not given, single use on	ıly			
INSTRUCTION if applicable					
NUMBER OF SAMPLES	50	SAMPLE IDs:	1-46		
AS RECEIVED SAMPLE NO	26-46				
	Simulated wearing treatment	1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9 (As rec	eived)		
CONDITIONING SAMLE NO	Temperature conditioning	10-11-12-13-14-15 (sample after test of mechanical strength)			
		16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23	-24-25 (as received)		
	Mechanical strength	10-11-12-13-14-15 (as rec	ceived)		

The results given in this test report belongs to the samples tested. The report content cannot be recreated partially without the written consent of UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION.

UNIVERSAL SERTIFIKASYON VE SOZETIM HIZM. TIC. LTD. STI. ecip Fazil Bulvari, Keyap Sitesi, E2 Brok No:44/84 Yukan Dudulfu-Omraniye/ISTA NBUL Telefon: 0216 455 80 80 Faks: 0216 455 80 08 Sarigazi V.D. 892 025 8722

Suat KAÇMAZ Director



1. REPORT SUMMARY

TEST STANDARD	TESTNAME	RESULT	EVALUATION
EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.5 EN 13274-1:2001	Total Inward Leakage Testing	Pass	FFP3
EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 clause 8.11 EN 13274-7:2019	Penetration of Filter Material	Pass	FFP3
EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.6 EN 13274-4:2001	Flammability Testing	Pass	See results
EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.7 EN 13274-6:2001	Carbon Dioxide Content of The Inhalation Air Testing	Pas	See results
EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.9	Breathing Inhalation Resistance-30 1/min	Pass	See results
EN 13274-3:2001	Breathing Inhalation Resistance-95 1/min	Pass	See results
EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.9 EN 13274-3:2001	Exhalation Resistance, flow rate 160 1/min	Pass	See results

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VE GÖZETIM HIZÎVI.
TIC. LTD. STI.
TIC. LTD. STI.
Yukarl Dudullu-Ümranina/IST. 4*18 iJL
Telefor, 0216 455 g0 80 Eaks: 0216 48S 30 0b
Sarnazi V.D. 892 025 9722



2. TEST RESULTS AND EVALUATION

7.4 PACKAGING (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.2)

Test Method: Clause 8.2-Visual inspection

REQUIREMENTS	RESULTS	COMMENT
Particle filtering half masks shall be offered for sale packaged in such a way that they are protected against mechanical damage and contamination before use.	Pass	The masks were packed in sealed plastic bags, in larger plastic bags inside a large cardboard box that gave some protection against mechanical damage or contamination before use.

Lab A

7.5 MATERIAL (EN 149:2041 + A1:2009 clause **8.2, 8.3.1, 8.3.2)**

Test Method: Clause 8.2-Visual inspection

Clause 8.3.1-Simulated wearing treatment

A breathing machine is adjusted to 25 cycles/min and 2,0 1/stroke. The particle filtering half mask was mounted on a Sheffield dummy head.

For testing, a saturator is incorporated in the exhalation line between the breathing machine and the dummy head, the saturator being set at a temperature in excess of 37 °C to allow for the cooling of the air before it reaches the mouth of the dummy head.

The air has been saturated at (37 + 2) °C at the mouth of the dummy head

Clause 8.3.2-Temperature conditioning

The ambient temperature for testing has been between 16 °C and 32 °C and the temperature limits has been subject to an accuracy of +1 °C.

- a) for 24 h to a dry atmosphere of (70 + 3) °C;
- b) for 24 h to a temperature o f(-30 + 3) °C; and allow to return to room temperature for at least 4 h between exposures and prior to subsequent testing. The conditioning has been carried out in a manner which ensures that no thermal shock occurs.

REQUIREMENT	RESULTS	COMMENT
Material used shall be suitable to withstand handling and wear over the period for which the particle filtering half mask is designed to be used.	Pass	The material used were able to withstand handling and wear during the limited laboratory testing carried out.
Any material from the filter media released by the air flow through the filter shall not constitute a hazard or nuisance for the wearer.	Pass	It was not constitute a hazard or nuisance for the wearer.
After undergoing the conditioning described in 8.3.1. none of the particle filtering half masks shall have suffered mechanical failure of the facepiece or straps.	Pass	None of the specimens conditioned suffered mechanical failure.
When conditioned in accordance with 8.3.1. and 8.3.2. the particle filtering half mask shall not collapse.	Pass	None of the specimens had not collapse after conditioning.

Lab B





7.6. CLEANING AND DISINFECTING (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.4, 8.5, 8.11)

<u>REQUIREMENT</u>	RESULTS	COMMENT
If the particle filtering half mask is designed to be re-usable, the materials used shall withstand the cleaning and disinfecting agents and procedures to be specified by the manufacturer. With reference to 7.9.2. after cleaning and disinfecting the re-usable particle filtering half mask shall satisfy the penetration requirement of the relevant class.	N/A	This article is not applicable for tested protective mask which is single use disposable mask.

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.4, 8.5 and 8.11

7.7. PRACTICAL PERFORMANCE (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.4)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.4

<u>REQUIREMENT</u>	RESULTS	COMMENT
The particle filtering half mask shall undergo practical performance tests under realistic conditions. These general tests serve the purpose of checking the equipment for imperfections that can not be determined by the tests described elsewhere in this standard.	No imperfections	Detail refer to Annex I
Two as received mask samples are used by two subject for the walking (10 mins walking with a speed of 6km/h) and work simulation (bended walking. crawling and basket filling exercises) tests.		

Annex I-Test Result:

Assessed elements	Positive Assessment	Negative Assessment	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001+A1:2009	Assessment of Test Result Conformity / Nonconformity
The face piece fitting Head harness comfort Security of fastenings Field of vision	2 2 2 2 2	0 0 0 0	Filtering half masks should not have imperfections related to wearer's acceptance	Filtering half masks fulfil requirements of the standard EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 given in 7.7 No imperfections

Number of sample: 29 (A.R), 30 (A.R)

The subjects (MEG and MA) were able to complete the exercises and did not report any nuisance or problem with the mask.

7.8. FINISH OF PARTS (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.2)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.2

<u>REQUIREMENT</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
Parts of the device likely to come into contact with the wearer shall have no sharp edges or burrs.	Pass	None of the specimens used in laboratory testing showed evidence of sharp edges or burrs while visual inspection and performance tests.



7.9.1 TOTAL INWARD LEAKAGE (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.5)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.5

REQUIREMENT	RESULTS	COMMENT
The total inward leakage consists of three components: face seal leakage. exhalation value leakage (if exhalation value fitted) and filter penetration. For particle filtering half masks fitted in accordance with the manufacturer's information. at least 46 out of the 50 individual results shall be not greater than: 25 % for FFP1, 11 % for FFP2, 5 % for FFP3 and in addition at least 8 out of the 10 individual wearer arithmetic means for the total inward leakage shall not be greater than: 22 % for FFP1, 8 % for FFP2, 2 % for FFP3	Pass	Classified as FFP3 Detail refer to Annex II

Annex II-Test Result:

The test results obtained are given in the tables as follows

Test Subject	No of sample	Cond.	1. Walk (%)	Head side/ side (%)	Head up/down (%)	Talk (%)	2. Walk (%)	Average (%)
1	31	A.R.	1,09	1,24	1,62	2,04	1,72	1,54
2	32	A.R.	1,18	1,37	1,66	1,73	1,97	1,58
3	33	A.R.	1,32	1,49	1,68	1,75	1,89	1,62
4	34	A.R.	1,29	1,44	1,63	1,81	2,06	1,64
5	35	A.R	1,33	1,12	1,59	2,03	1,75	1,56
6	16	T.C.	1,24	1,38	1,72	1,68	1,83	1,57
7	17	T.C.	1,35	1,45	1,67	1,79	1,99	1,65
8	18	T.C.	1,36	1,50	1,70	1,82	1,98	1,67
9	19	T.C.	1,25	1,38	1,13	1,71	1,86	1,46
10	20	T.C.	1,43	1,62	2,05	1,76	2,02	1,77
	All 50 individual exercise results were not greater than 5 % At least 8 of 10 individual wearer arithmetic means were not greater than 2 %.						Pass (FFP3)	

Test Subject	Face Length (mm)	Face Width (mm)	Face Depth (mm)	Mouth Width (mm)
1	117	155	130	60
2	113	148	128	62
3	112	160	134	59
4	115	148	125	61
5	120	158	132	57
6	118	150	134	59
7	115	152	130	57
8	117	155	134	59
9	114	149	128	57
10	110	150	131	55

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7.9.2 PENETRATION OF FILTER MATERIAL (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.11)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.11

REQUIREMEN	REQUIREMENT			COMMENT	
Classification	Max penetration of test aerosol NaCl test 95 l/min Paraffin oil test 95 l/min % max		Pass	Detail refer to Annex IIIA and IIIB	
FFP1	20	20			
FFP2	6	6			
FFP3	1	1			

Annex IIIA – Test Result:

The test results obtained are given in the tables as follows:

No. of sample	Condition	Penetration of Sodium Chloride in accordance with EU 13274-7:2019 (%) Flow rate 95 l/min	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Assessment of Test Result Conformity / Nonconformity
36	As received	0,03		Passed
37		0,06	FFP1≤ 20%	Filtering half masks
38		0,07	11113 2070	fulfill the requirements
1	Simulated wearing treatment	0,08	FFP2≤ 6%	of the standard EN
2	Ī	0,09		149:2001+A1:2009
3		0,08	FFP3≤ 1%	given in 7.9.2. in range
10	Mechanical strength +	0,08		of the first, second and
11	Temperature conditioned	0,07]	third protection class
12		0,07		(FFP1,FFP2, FFP3)

Annex HIB-Test Result:

The test results obtained are given in the tables as follows:

No. of	Condition	Penetration of Paraffin Oil Mist in	Requirements in	Assessment of Test Result
Sample		accordance with EN 13274-7:2019	accordance with EN	Conformity /
1		[%]	149:2001+Al:2009	Nonconformity
		Flow rate		
		95 1/min		
39		0,18		Passed
40	As received	0,25		
41		0,23	FFP1 ≤ 20 %	filtering half masks fulfilthe
4	Simulated wearing	0,25		requirements of the standard
5	Simulated wearing	0,27	FFP2 ≤ 6 %	EN
	treatment			149:2001 +A1:2009 given
6		0,26	FFP3 ≤ 1 %	in 7.9.2 in range of the first,
13	Mechanical strength +	0,24		second and third
	Temperature			protection classes (FFP1,
14	-	0,22	1	FFP2, FFP3)
	conditioned			
15		0,18	-	

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Faril Bahvar, Kaver Stiet, Eg Blok, hlo:4z/8a

Sukar Dulub Livraam (STANBUL

Tel. on: 0216 455 80 80 Eaks: 0216 455 PO 08

Sarver, V.D. 892 025 8722



7.10 COMPATIBILITY WITH SKIN (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.4, 8.5)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.4 and 8.5.

REQUIREMENT	RESULTS	COMMENT
Materials that may come into contact with the wearer's skin shall not be known to be likely to cause irritation or any other adverse effect to health.	Pass	No irritation or any other adverse effect to health or sensitivity reported by the subjects during the practical performance and TIL tests.

7.11 FLAMMABILITY (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.6)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.6

	REQUIREMENT					COMMENT
highly fla	The material used shall not present a danger for the wearer and shall not be of highly flammable nature. When tested, the particle filtering half mask shall not bum or not to continue to bum 5s after removal from the flame.					Detail refer to Annex IV
Annex IV - Test Result: The test results obtained are given in the tables as follow						
No. of Sample	Condition	Visual inspection	ce 09		nent of Test Result hity / Nonconformity	
45	As received	0,0 s Filtering half mask			Passed	
46	As received	0,0 s shall not bum or not				g half masks fulfil
21	Temperature	0.0 s continue to burn for more than 5 s after			requiren 149:200	nents of the standard EN
22	conditioned	0.1 s more than 3 safet removal from the flame			A I :2009	given in 7.1 I

7.12 CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT OF THE INHALATION AIR (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.7)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.7

REQUIEREMENT	RESULTS	COMMENT
The carbon dioxide content of the inhalation air (dead space) shall not exceed an average of 1.0 % (by volume)	Pass	Detail refer to Annex V

Annex V-Test Result: The test results obtained are given in the tables as follows:

No. of Sample	Condition	CO2 content of the inhalation air (%) by volume	An average CO2 content of the inhalation air (%) by volume	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001+Al:2009	Assessment of Test Result Conformity / Nonconformity
26 27 28	As received	0,46 0,48 0,47	0,47	CO2 content of the inhalation air shall not exceed an average of 1,0% by volume	Passed Filtering half masks fulfill requirements of the standard EN 149:2001 +A1:2009 given in 7.12

7.13 HEAD HARNESS (EN 149:2001 + A I:2009 clause 8.4, 8.5)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.4, 8.5

REQUIREMENT	RESULTS	COMMENT
The head harness shall be designed so that the particle filtering half-mask can be donned and removed easily.	Pass	No problem with the head harness reported by the wearers during the practical performance test.
The head harness shall be adjustable or self-adjusting and shall be sufficiently robust to hold the particle filtering half mask firmly in position and capable of maintaining total inward leakage requirements for the device.	Pass	No problem with the head harness reported by the wearers during the practical performance test.

7.14 FIELD OF VISION (EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 clause 8.4)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.4

REO_UIREMENT	RESULTS	COMMENT
The field of vision is acceptable if determined so in practical performance tests.	PASS	There were no adverse comments following practical performance tests.



7.15 EXHALATION VALVE (EN 149:2001 + Al:2009 clause 8.2, 8.3.4, 8.8, 8.9.1) Test Method: Clause 8.2. 8.3.4. 8.8. 8.9.1

REQUIREMENT	RESULTS	COMMENT
A particle filtering half mask may have one or more exhalation valve(s). which shall function correctly in all orientations.	N/A	No exhalation valve in tested samples.
If an exhalation valve is provided it shall be protected against or be resistant to dirt and mechanical damage and may be shrouded or may include any other device that may be necessary for the particle filtering half mask to comply with 7.9	N/A	No exhalation valve in tested samples.
Exhalation valve(s), if fitted shall continue to operate correctly after a continuous exhalation flow of 300 1/min over a period of 30s.	N/A	No exhalation valve in tested samples.
When the exhalation valve housing is attached to the face blank, it shall withstand axially a tensile force of 10N applied for 10s.	N/A	No exhalation valve in tested samples.

7.16 BREATHING RESISTANCE (EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 clause 8.9) Test Method: Described in Clause 8.9

	REOUIREMENT				COMMENT
Classification	Max permitte	ed resistance (mbar)		
	Inhalation Exhalation		/	70	
	30 l/min	95 l/min	160 l/min	Pass	Detail refer to Annex VIA-VIB
FFP1	0,6	2,1	3,0		
FFP2	0,7	2,4	3,0		
FFP3	1,0	3,0	3,0		



Annex VIA-Test Result:

The test results obtained are given in the tables as follows:

No. of	Condition		Inhalation Resistance mbar)						
Sample		Flow	rate	Requirements in		Flow rate	R	equirements in	Assessment of
		30 1/r	nin	accordance v	with EN	95 1/min	ac	cordance with EN	Test Result
		[mba	r]	149:2001+A	I:2009	[mbar]	14	49:2001+A I :2009	Conformity /
									Nonconformity
42		(0.61			1.65			
43	As received		0.63			1,70			
44		(0.60	FFP1 ≤ 0.60		1.63	F	FP1 ≤2.10	Passed
7	Simulated	(0.62			1.63			Qualifies
8	wearing	().64	FFP2 ≤ 0.70		1.70	F.	$FP2 \le 2.40$	
9	treatment	(0.61		-	1.66			FFP2, FFP3
23		(0.62	FFP3≤ 1.0		1.62	F.	$FP3 \le 3.00$	
24	Temperature	(0,60		-	1,64			
25	conditioned		0.63		-	1.68			
							l l		
Exhalation	Resistance								
No. of	Condition	Flow	Facing	Facing	Facing	Lying	Lying	Requirements in	Assessment of
Sample		rate	directly	vertically	vertically	on	on	accordance with	Test Result
				upwards	downwards		the	EN	Conformity /
						left	right	149:2001+Al:2009	Nonconformity
						side	side		
42			2,33	2,37	2,38	2,40	2,42		
43	As received		2,35	2,39	2,40	2,41	2,44		
44			2,31	2,34	2,37	2,39	2,43	$FF_{P1} \leq 3.0$	Passed
7	Simulated		2,29	2,31	2,35	2,38	2,42		Qualifies
8	wearing	I 601/min	2,34	2,36	2,39	2,41	2,44	FFP2 ≤ 3.0	FFP1, FFP2,
9	treatment		2,37	2,39	2,41	2,43	2,45		FFP3
23			2,30	2,32	2,34	2,35	2,39	FFP3 ≤ 3.0	
24	Temperature		2,25	2,23	2,25	2,24	2,27		
25	conditioned		2,20	2,24	2,26	2,25	2,28		
		l		_,	-,	_,_,_	_,	l .	

7.17 CLOGGING (EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 c1a use 8.9, 8.10)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.8, 8.10

REQUIREMENT	RESULTS	C <u>OMMENT</u>
Valved particle filtering half masks: After clogging the inhalation resistances shall not exceed: FFP1:4mbar, FFP2:5mbar. FFP3:7mbar at 95L/min continuous flow. The exhalation resistance shall not exceed 3mbar at l60L/min continuous flow. Valueless particle filtering half masks: After clogging the inhalation resistances shall not exceed: FFP1:3mbar. FFP2:4mbar, FFP3:5mbar at 95L/min continuous flow	NAs	This is optional test and not desired by client.

7.18 DEMOUNTABLE PARTS (EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 clause 8.2)

Test Method: Described in Clause 8.2

REOUIREMENT	RESULTS	COMMENT
All demountable parts (if fitted) shall be readily connected and secured, where possible by hand	N/A	No demountable part.



Pass	Requirement satisfied.
NCR	Requirement not satisfied. Refer to the "Result details" section for more information.
NAs	Assessment not carried out.
N/A	I Requirement not applicable.

LABORATORY INFORMATION

Code	Laboratory Name	Competency Explanations
Lab A	UNIVERAAL SERTIFIKASYION VE	Internal Laboratory Services of Notified Body
	GOZETIM HIZMETLERI TIC. LTD. STI.	
Lab B	GCNTR ULUSLARARASI	Laboratory holds an accreditation by Turkish Accreditation Agency
	BELGELENDIRME, GOZETIM, EGITIM VE	with number AB-1252-T according to EN ISO/IEC 17025:2017.
	DIS TICARET LIMITED SIRKETI	
	KOCAELI DILOVA SUBESI	

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CERTIFICATION

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DEGERLENDIRME A.Ş.
1 Mah Arif Ay Sk. No-16 Ümraniye / İSTANBUL
Sarıgazi V.D. 892 061 8452
Mersis No-0892061845200001

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