

Bacterial Filtration Efficiency (BFE) and Differential Pressure (Delta P) Final Report

Test Article:	FMPV2020L
	SAMPLE #B1
	SAMPLE #B2
	SAMPLE #B3
	SAMPLE #B4
	SAMPLE #B5
Purchase Order:	NGPO_0182020
Study number:	1274106-S01
Study received date:	05 March 2020
Testing facility:	Nelson Laboratories, LLC
	6280 S. Redwood Rd.
	Salt Lake City, UT 84123 U.S.A
Test procedure(s):	Standard Test Protocol (STP) Number: STP0004 Rev 18
Deviation(s):	None

Summary: The BFE test is performer to determine the filtration efficiency of test articles by comparing the bacterial control counts upstream of the test article to the bacterial counts downstream. A suspension of Staphylococcus aureus was earosolized using a nebulizer and delivered to the test article at a constant flow rate and fixed air pressure. The challenge delivery was maintained at $1.7 - 3.0 \times 10(3)$ colony forming units (CFU) with a mean particle size (MPS of 3.0 + 0.3um. The earosols were drawn through a six-stage, viable particle, Andersen sampler for collection. This test method complies with ASTM F2101-19 and EN 14683:2019, Annex B.

The Delta P test is performer to determine the breathability of test articles by measuring the differential air pressure on either side of the test article using a manometer, at a constant flow rate. The Delta P test complies with EN 14683:2019, Annex C and ASTM F2100-19.

All test method acceptance criteria were met. Testing was performer in compliance with US FDA good manufacturing practice (GMP) regulations 21 CFR Parts 210, 211 and 820.

Sponsor labeled side
-40cm 2
28,3 liters per minute (L/min)
8 liters per minute (L/min)
85+5% relative humidity (RH) and 21+5C for a minimum of 4 hours
1,8 x 10(3) CFU
< 1 CFU
3.0um





Results:

Test Article Number	Percent BFE (%)
1	99.8
2	99.9
3	99.9
4	99.9
5	>99.9

Test Article	Delta P (mm H2O/cm2)	Delta P (Pa/cm2)
1	4,9	48,2
2	4,9	48,3
3	6,0	58,6
4	5,0	48,6
5	5,6	55,2

The filtration efficiency percentages were calculated using the following equation:

 $\% BFE = \frac{C-T}{C} x \ 100$

C = Positive control average

T = Plate count total recovered downstream of the test article

Note: The plate count total is available upon request



Viral Filtration Efficiency (VFE) Final Report

Test Article:	FMPV2020L
	SAMPLE NO:V1
	SAMPLE NO:V2
	SAMPLE NO:V3
	SAMPLE NO:V4
	SAMPLE NO:V5
Purchase Order:	NGPO_0182020
Study number:	1274106-S01
Study received date:	05 March 2020
Testing facility:	Nelson Laboratories, LLC
	6280 S. Redwood Rd.
	Salt Lake City, UT 84123 U.S.A
Test procedure(s):	Standard Test Protocol (STP) Number: STP0004 Rev 18
Deviation(s):	None

Summary: The VFE test is performer to determine the filtration efficiency of test articles by comparing the bacterial control counts upstream of the test article to the bacterial counts downstream. A suspension of bacteriophage OX174 was earosolized using a nebulizer and delivered to the test article at a constant flow rate and fixed air pressure. The challenge delivery was maintained at $1.1 - 3.3 \times 10(3)$ colony forming units (CFU) with a mean particle size (MPS) of 3.0 +0.3um. The earosols were drawn through a six-stage, viable particle, Andersen sampler for collection. The VFE test procedure was adapted from ASTM F2101.

All test method acceptance criteria were met. Testing was performer in compliance with US FDA good manufacturing practice (GMP) regulations 21 CFR Parts 210, 211 and 820.

W. Luskin

Test side: Test area: VFE Flow rate: Conditioning parameters: Positive control average: Negative monitor count: MPS:

Sponsor labeled side -40cm 2 28,3 liters per minute (L/min) 85+5% relative humidity (RH) and 21+5C for a minimum of 4 hours 1,9 x 10(3) PFU < 1 PFU 3.2 um

MAN 2020 Study Completion Date

Study Direct



Results:

Test Article Number	Percent BFE (%)
V1	99.8
V2	>99.9*
V3	99.9
V4	99.7
V5	99.8

*There were no detected plaques on any of the Andersen sampler plates for this test article.

The filtration efficiency percentages were calculated using the following equation:

$$\% VFE = \frac{C-T}{C} x \ 100$$

C = Positive control average

T = Plate count total recovered downstream of the test article

Note: The plate count total is available upon request